





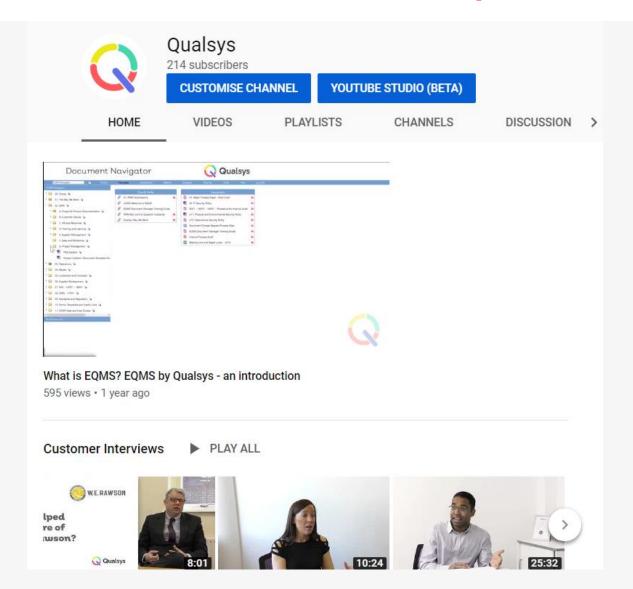


20,000+ quality professionals respond: Do you feel leadership are doing enough to demonstrate their commitment to quality and compliance?

- "Leadership aren't engaged with quality. They do it because they have to, not because they see the cost-saving potential."
- "The rules are too difficult and boring. Quality brings little empirical value to the leadership role and they feel like their time is better spent elsewhere."
- "Leadership see quality as a necessary overhead, rather than a cost-saver."
- "We're only consulted when something goes wrong we're still a bolt-on at the end of a project, rather than integrated into the business processes."
- "Leadership only want a certificate on the wall."
- "It's too easy for leadership to have an "over to you" attitude."

Watch Kate's CQI conference presentation on: How to Audit Leadership







- https://www.youtube.com/watch?υ=5QHXp6zCdA0&t=7s
- https://www.youtube.com/Qualsys





- 1. Who are leadership?
- 2. What is the role of leadership?
- 3. What is leadership commitment?
- 4. What five things do we need from leadership?
- 5. Why is auditing leadership so challenging?
- 6. How do you get leadership to see the value in auditing?
- 7. How do you probe leadership when you feel something isn't quite right?
- 8. What advice do you have for auditing leadership teams?
- 9. How do you get leadership to change their behaviour?
- 10. What are the different leadership personality types you've come across?
- 11. How can I be a better auditor?
- 12. What questions would you advise asking leadership?
- 13. Do you have any tips for auditing leadership?



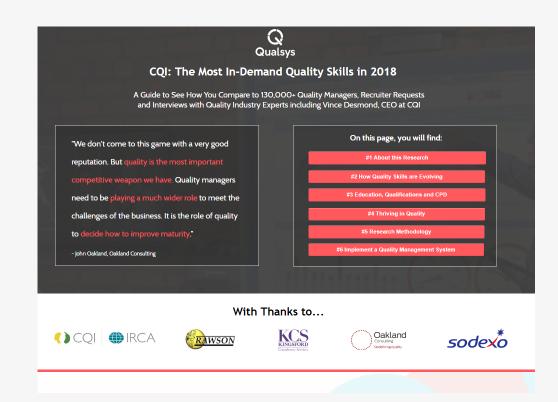
Kate Armitage
Head of Quality Assurance

#1 Who are leadership?





- ISO 9001:2015 replaced "management responsibility" with "leadership."
- Management:
 - Processes
 - Rely on tangible, measurable capabilities
- Leadership:
 - Behaviour
 - Strongly on less tangible and less measurable



What makes a great quality leader? http://get.eqms.co.uk/skills-quality-career-progression/

#2 Role of leadership?



Role of leadership

- ✓ Accountability for the effectiveness of the organisation's quality management system
- ✓ Responsibilities and authorities are assigned, communicated and understood
- ✓ Integrity of the management system is maintained when changes are planned and implemented
- ✓ It is management's responsibility to ensure these tasks are planned, implemented and achieved



#3 What is leadership commitment?

Leadership commitment



- 1. People will understand and be motivated towards the organisation's goals and objectives
- 2. Activities are evaluated, aligned and implemented in a unified way
- 3. Miscommunication between levels of an organisation will be minimised
- 4. A clear vision of the organisation's future is established
- 5. Challenging goals and targets are set
- 6. Shared values, fairness and ethical role models are established at all levels of the organisation
- 7. Trust is established and fear is eliminated
- 8. People are provided with the required resources, training and freedom to act with responsibility and accountability
- 9. People are inspired, encouraged and their contributions are recognised.

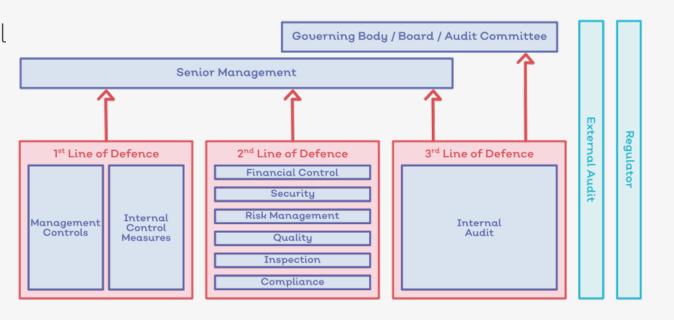


#4 What five things do we need from leadership?

Five key things we need from leadership



- Clear definition of organisational structure, hierarchy, roles and performance
- 2. SMART goals and mission
- 3. Performance monitoring
- 4. Time to review, every week
- 5. Clear, collective corporate culture



Adapted form ECIIA/FERMA Guidance on the 8th EU Company Law Directive, article 41

#5 Why is auditing leadership so challenging?





- 1. Culture
- 2. Asking the right questions
- 3. Giving & enforcing feedback







Seven deadly signals of toxic culture

- 1. Lack of collaboration
- 2. Focus on self interest
- 3. Overly bureaucratic
- 4. Lack of trust
- 5. High staff turnover
- 6. Same mistakes are repeated
- 7. No visibility

Boards

- Understand risk
- Processes to manage risk
- Hold management accountable

Management

- Identify and manage risk
- Tone at the Top
- Identify and manage risk
- Establish processes and policies to support objectives
- Model behaviour
- Hold yourself and others accountable
- Foster an environment of top down and bottom up communications

Internal audit

- Provide assurance to management and the board that processes are functioning as designed
- Provide insights into risk and opportunities to improve mitigation strategies relating to process and controls
- Focus on root cause analysis, move beyond what and where to why
- Leverage knowledge of the business to provide insight

#6: How do you get leadership to see the value in auditing?

#7 How do you probe leadership when you feel something isn't right?

#8 What advice would you give when auditing leadership?

#9 How do you get leadership to change their behaviour?

#10 What are the different types of leadership teams you've come across?

#11 How can I be a better auditor?

#12 What questions would you advise asking leadership?





- Please provide examples of how you communicate the importance of a QMS or IMS.
- · How do you demonstrate commitment to your employees?
- As an organisations, how do you meet (and exceed) customer expectations?
- Do the MS objectives align with the business strategy?
- Please provide an overview of your Risk Approach
- Please provide an overview of your Interested parties and how they affect your MS
- How do you manage change?
- How do you capture and use knowledge?

#13 What are your top tips for auditing leadership?





- Keep your eyes open
- · Keep your ears open
- Follow your nose
- Remain diplomatic
- · Be open and friendly
- Remember Management should be readily available, prepared, and 'excited' to participate in the opening and closing meetings.



